



Research Article

EVALUATION AND CHARACTERISATION OF ANTIBACTERIAL POTENTIAL OF NOVEL SCHIFF BASES OF BENZIMIDAZOLE

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ABSTRACT

It is a great challenge for a chemist to develop a novel antibiotic because of microbial resistance. Benzimidazole is an important class of heterocyclic compounds which possess good antimicrobial activity. This convinced us to synthesise some novel antimicrobial agents having benzimidazole nucleus. According to earlier investigation, Schiff base also possess very good antimicrobial activity. In this research, work we have synthesized various Schiff bases of benzimidazole. *o*-phenylenediamine reacted with substituted benzoic acid to form of 2-phenyl substituted benzimidazole, which upon reaction with ethylchloroacetate produce ethyl-2-(2-phenyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl)acetohydrazide. This was further treated with hydrazine hydrate in the presence of ethanol to form 2-(2-phenyl benzimidazol-1-yl)acetohydrazide. Finally, aromatic aldehydes were reacted with synthesized acetohydrazide to give Schiff bases of benzimidazole. The purity of synthesized derivatives were checked with thin layer chromatography and structure of compounds were elucidated using IR, ¹HNMR and mass spectrometry. Cup and plate method were used to check the *in vitro* antibacterial activity using Gram positive (*S. aureus* and *B. subtilis*) and Gram-negative strains (*E. coli* and *P. aeruginosa*) bacteria. All the synthesized Schiff bases of benzimidazoles showed moderate to strong activity against the above-mentioned microbes. Maximum antibacterial activity shown by compounds JA-3.1, JA-3.2, AG-3.1, AG-3.2, AR-3.1 and AR-3.2 as compared to the standard ciprofloxacin.

Keywords: Benzimidazole, Schiff Base, Hydrazone, Antimicrobial, Antibacterial

INTRODUCTION

Infectious disease caused by microorganisms is one of the most common reason for illness and death in developing countries. In 20th century, development of new and effective antibiotic reduced the threat of infectious diseases. Development of resistant to antimicrobial agents by microbes worsen the condition worldwide¹. Due to this serious problem, ‘the theme of World Health Day 2011, Antimicrobial resistance: no action today, no cure tomorrow’ was adopted. Now a day’s chemist focused on development of new antimicrobial agents which will resolve the resistant issue to produce good anti-infective agents²⁻⁵. Azole fused with benzene ring, such as benzimidazoles and benzoxazole containing 2 or 3 hetero atoms possess various medicinal properties⁶⁻²⁰.

It is reported that benzimidazole is an important class of heterocyclic compound which are associated with various pharmacological activities e.g: antioxidant²¹, anticancer²², anthelmintic²³, antihypertensive²⁴, antiviral²⁵, anti-inflammatory²⁶, antihistaminic²⁷, analgesic²⁸, antiprotozoal²⁹, antiulcer³⁰, anticoagulant³¹, anticonvulsant³², antifungal³³, antihepatitis B Virus³⁴, and antibacterial activity³⁵.

Schiff base is obtained by reacting carbonyl compounds with primary amines³⁸⁻⁴⁰. These compounds have broader spectrum of activity in medicinal and pharmaceutical fields like antitubercular, anti-inflammatory, analgesic, anticonvulsant, anticancer⁴¹, antioxidant, anthelmintic⁴², and antimicrobial⁴³. It may believe that Schiff base inhibit bacterial cell growth by interacting with the cell constituents^{44,45}. Nitrofurantoin, furazolidone, furacilin, nitrofurazone, flivazide, nifuroxazide are

some of the drugs which contain Schiff base and have antibacterial activity⁴⁶⁻⁴⁸.

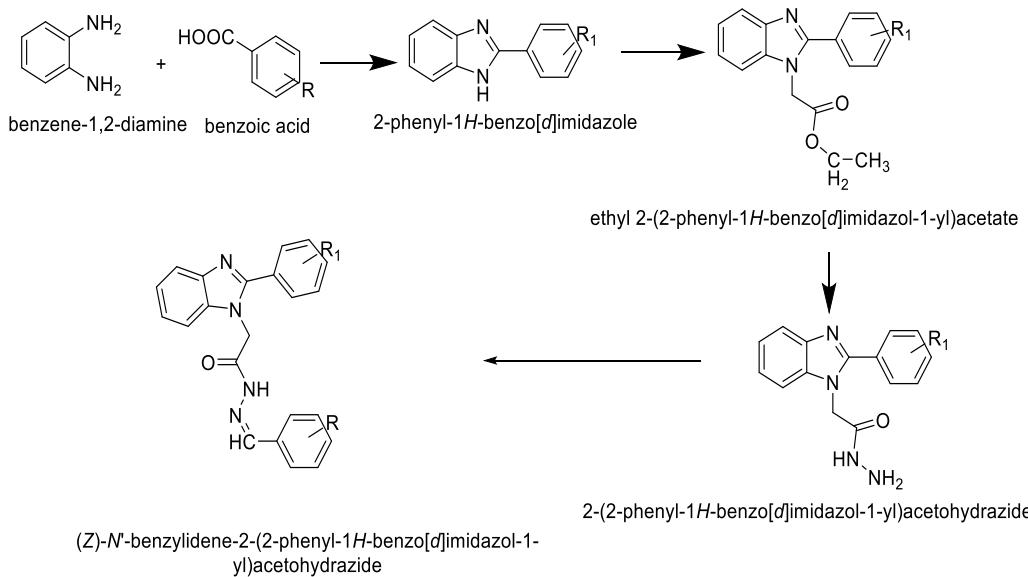
Literature study shows that both benzimidazole and Schiff base possess antimicrobial activity. In present work, attempt was made to join both pharmacophores to produce novel and effective antibacterial agents. *In vitro* antibacterial activity of synthesized derivatives was determined by Cup and plate method against gram-negative (*E. coli* and *P. aeruginosa*) and gram positive (*S. aureus* and *B. subtilis*) bacteria.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Chemistry

The chemical used for synthesis of Schiff base of benzimidazole were purchased from Mumbai, Loba Chemie Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai, India, Merck, Electron LLS India Pvt. Ltd., Qualikems Fine Chem Pvt. Ltd. Vadodara, India. and Thermo Electron LLS India Pvt. Ltd. Mumbai.

Digital melting point apparatus (Popular, India) was used to determine the melting point by open capillary method. Shimadzu 8400 FTIR was used to scan IR spectra of the samples using pellets of Potassium Bromide (KBr). Bruker Avance II 400 NMR spectrometer was used to record ¹H-NMR spectra. Waters Q-ToF micromass spectrometer was used to record Mass spectra. The elements like C, H and N were analysed using Thermo Flash 2000 analyser. The progress of reaction was monitored through Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC) analysis using pre-coated aluminium plates (Silica gel 60 F254 Merck-Germany).

Synthetic Strategy**Scheme: Synthesis of Schiff base of benzimidazole derivatives.****General Procedure**

An equimolar quantity of o-phenylenediamine reacted with substituted benzoic acid in the presence of polyphosphoric acid to form 2-phenyl substituted benzimidazole, which on reaction with ethylchloroacetate and potassium carbonate solution in dry acetone produced ethyl-2-(2-phenyl-1*H*-benzimidazole-1-yl)acetate. The later was mixed with hydrazine hydrate using ethanol as solvent to form 2-(2-phenyl benzimidazol-1-yl)acetohydrazide. The final product as Schiff base was produced by condensing hydrazide produced in above reaction with substituted aromatic aldehydes.

EXPERIMENTAL

2-Phenyl Benzimidazole (JA): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3404(N-H str), 3047 (=C-H str), 1664 (C=N), 1589 and 1464 (C=C str), 1276 (C-N str) ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.61(d, 2H, benzene), 7.5 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.4 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.21(d, 2H, benzene), 7.45 (t, 2H, benzene), 12.8 ((s, 1H, NH), ES-MS (m/z): 194 [M+1]; Anal. for C₁₃H₁₀N₂: C; 80.39, H; 5.19, N; 14.49.

Ethyl-2-(2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl)acetate (JA-1): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3047 (=C-H str), 2966 (C-H str), 1772 (C=O str), 1683 (C=N str), 1622 and 1462 (C=C str), 1276 (C-N str), 1226 (C-O-C str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.62(d, 2H, benzene), 7.49 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.39 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.23(d, 2H, benzene), 7.47 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.7 ((s, 2H, -CH₂), 4.3(q, 2H, -CH₂), 2.0 (t, 3H, -CH₃), ES-MS (m/z): 280 [M+1]; Anal. for C₁₇H₁₆N₂O₂: C; 72.84, H; 5.75, N; 9.99, O; 11.41.

2-(2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl)acetohydrazide (JA-2): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3479 and 3416 (N-H Str), 3047 (=C-H str), 2986 (C-H str), 1637(C=N str), 1618 (C=O str). 1591 and 1475 (C=C str), 1541(N-H bend), 1276 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.61(d, 2H, benzene), 7.50 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.40 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.22(d, 2H, benzene), 7.48 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.7 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 9.15(t, 1H, -Sec NH), 2.15 (d, 2H, -NH₂), ES-MS (m/z): 266 [M+1]; Anal. for C₁₅H₁₄N₄O: C; 67.65, H; 5.30, N; 21.04, O; 6.01.

N'-benzylidine-2-(2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl)acetohydrazide (JA-3): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3117 (N-H Str), 3047 (=C-H str), 2918 (C-H str), 1668 (C=O str), 1622 (C=N str),

1591 and 1460 (C=C str), 1274 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.62 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.49 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.41 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.20 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.45 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.6 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.11(t, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.35 (s, 1H, CH), 6.7 – 7.1 (m, 5H, benzene), ES-MS (m/z): 354 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₈N₄O: C; 74.56, H; 5.12, N; 15.81, O; 4.51.

N'-3-chlorobenzylidene-2-(2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl)acetohydrazide(JA-3.1): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3159 (N-H Str), 3047 (=C-H str), 2918 (C-H str), 1665 (C=O str), 1699(C=N str), 1626 and 1464 (C=C str), 1276 (C-N str), 985 (C-Cl bend), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.61 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.49 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.42 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.46 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.7 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.11(t, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.24 (s, 1H, CH), 7.85 (s, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.55 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.32 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.20 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH) ES-MS (m/z): 388 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇ClN₄O: C; 67.95, H; 4.41, Cl; 9.12, N; 14.41, O; 4.11.

N'-4-chlorobenzylidene-2-(2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl)acetohydrazide (JA-3.2): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3150 (N-H Str), 3047 (=C-H str), 2922 (C-H str), 1661 (C=O str), 1695(C=N str), 1623 and 1460 (C=C str), 1275 (C-N str), 990 (C-Cl bend), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.6 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.48 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.41 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.44 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.8 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.11(t, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.24 (s, 1H, CH), 7.8 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), 7.52 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 388 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇ClN₄O: C; 67.95, H; 4.41, Cl; 9.12, N; 14.41, O; 4.11.

N'-2-hydroxybenzylidene-2-(2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl)acetohydrazide (JA-3.3): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3243 (-OH broad band), 3047 (=C-H str), 2918 (C-H str), 1666 (C=O str), 1699 (C=N str), 1622 and 1462 (C=C str), 1274 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.6 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.49 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.41 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.43 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.75 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.11 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.24 (s, 1H, CH), 10.8 (s, 1H, OH), 7.55 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.32 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.18 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.58 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 370 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₈N₄O₂: C; 71.74, H; 4.90, N; 15.13, O; 8.64.

N'-(3-hydroxybenzylidene)-2-(2-phenyl-1H-

benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (JA-3.4): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3248 (-OH broad band), 3045 (=C-H str), 2920 (C-H str), 1652 (C=O str), 1696 (C=N str), 1620 and 1460 (C=C str), 1270 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.61 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.48 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.42 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.45 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.71 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.10 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.24 (s, 1H, CH), 10.8 (s, 1H, OH), 7.85 (s, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.54 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.32 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.20 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 370 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₈N₄O₂: C; 71.74, H; 4.90, N; 15.13, O; 8.64.

N'-(4-hydroxybenzylidene)-2-(2-phenyl-1H-

benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (JA-3.5): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3252 (-OH broad band), 3045 (=C-H str), 2917 (C-H str), 1655 (C=O str), 1698 (C=N str), 1624 and 1464 (C=C str), 1271 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.6 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.48 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.4 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.2 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.43 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.8 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.12 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.23 (s, 1H, CH), 10.81 (s, 1H, OH), 7.81 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), 7.52 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 370 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₈N₄O₂: C; 71.74, H; 4.90, N; 15.13, O; 8.64.

N'-(3-Nitrobenzylidene)-2-(2-phenyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (JA-3.6): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3140 (N-H Str), 3030 (=C-H str), 2925 (C-H str), 1664 (C=O str), 1694 (C=N str), 1590 and 1465 (C=C str), 1270 (C-N str), 1545 and 1348 (N=O bend), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.6 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.48 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.43 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.2 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.54 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.7 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.10 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.24 (s, 1H, CH), 7.85 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.54 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.32 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.2 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 399 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇N₅O₃: C; 66.16, H; 4.29, N; 17.53, O; 12.02.

N'-(4-nitrobenzylidene)-2-(2-phenyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (JA-3.7): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3142 (N-H Str), 3028 (=C-H str), 2928 (C-H str), 1667 (C=O str), 1695 (C=N str), 1592 and 1468 (C=C str), 1275 (C-N str), 1542 and 1350 (N=O bend), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.6 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.47 (t, 2H, benzene), 7.4 (t, 1H, benzene), 8.2 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.44 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.80 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.11 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.23 (s, 1H, CH), 7.82 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), 7.52 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 399 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇N₅O₃: C; 66.16, H; 4.29, N; 17.53, O; 12.02.

2-(4-chlorophenyl) Benzimidazole (AG) : FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3410(N-H str), 3040 (=C-H str), 1665 (C=N), 1590 and 1460 (C=C str), 1274 (C-N str), 995 (C-Cl str) ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.50 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.2 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 12.5 (s, 1H, NH), ES-MS (m/z): 288 [M+1]; Anal. for C₁₃H₉ClN₂: C; 68.28, H; 3.97, Cl; 15.50, N; 12.25.

Ethyl-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetate (AG-1): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3045 (=C-H str), 2960 (C-H Str), 1770 (C=O str), 1680 (C=N), 1620 and 1460 (C=C str), 1275 (C-N str), 1222 (C-O-C str), 993 (C-Cl str) ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.51 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.71 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 4.2 (q, 2H, -CH₂), 2.0 (t, 3H, -CH₃), ES-MS (m/z): 314 [M+1]; Anal. for C₁₇H₁₅ClN₂O₂: C; 64.87, H; 4.80, Cl; 11.26, N; 8.90, O; 10.17.

2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AG-2) : FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3475 (N-H broad band), 3040 (=C-H str), 2983 (C-H Str), 1620 (C=O str), 1683 (C=N), 1590 and 1473 (C=C str), 1540 (N-H bend), 1275 (C-N str), 992 (C-Cl str) ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 8.22 (d,

2H, benzene), 7.50 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.20 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.72 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (t, 1H, Sec NH), 2.2 (d, 2H, -NH₂), ES-MS (m/z): 300 [M+1]; Anal. for C₁₅H₁₃ClN₄O: C; 59.91, H; 4.36, Cl; 11.79, N; 18.63, O; 5.32.

N'-benzylidine-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AG-3): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3118 (N-H broad band), 3048 (=C-H str), 2920 (C-H Str), 1670 (C=O str), 1620 (C=N), 1590 and 1461 (C=C str), 1275 (C-N str), 990 (C-Cl str) ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.51 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.26 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.69 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.15 (t, 1H, Sec NH), 8.41 (s, 1H, -CH), 6.80 - 7.15 (m, 5H, benzene) ES-MS (m/z): 388 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇ClN₄O: C; 67.95, H; 4.41, Cl; 9.12, N; 14.41, O; 4.11.

N'-(3-chlorobenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide -ide (AG-3.1): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3157 (N-H broad band), 3049 (=C-H str), 2964 (C-H Str), 1655 (C=O str), 1699 (C=N), 1625 and 1465 (C=C str), 1275 (C-N str), 985 (C-Cl str) ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.51 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.71 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.15 (t, 1H, Sec NH), 8.41 (s, 1H, -CH), 7.85 (s, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.55 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.32 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.20 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH) ES-MS (m/z): 422 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₆Cl₂N₄O: C; 62.42, H; 3.81, Cl; 16.75, N; 13.24, O; 3.78.

N'-(4-chlorobenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide -ide (AG-3.2): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3155 (N-H broad band), 3048 (=C-H str), 2965 (C-H Str), 1657 (C=O str), 1697 (C=N), 1627 and 1465 (C=C str), 1278 (C-N str), 983 (C-Cl str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.50 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.72 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (t, 1H, Sec NH), 8.40 (s, 1H, CH), 7.53 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), 7.8 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 422 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₆Cl₂N₄O: C; 62.42, H; 3.81, Cl; 16.75, N; 13.24, O; 3.78.

N'-[2-hydroxybenzylidene]-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AG-3.3): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3280 (-OH broad band), 3070 (=C-H str), 2955 (C-H str), 1655 (C=O str), 1695 (C=N str), 1625 and 1464 (C=C str), 1275 (C-N str), 987 (C-Cl str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 8.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.51 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.22 (d, 1H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.71 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.15 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.41 (s, 1H, CH), 10.8 (s, 1H, OH), 7.55 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.32 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.18 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.58 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 404 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇ClN₄O₂: C; 65.27, H; 4.23, Cl; 8.76, N; 13.84, O; 7.90.

N'-(3-hydroxybenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide -zide (AG-3.4) FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3284 (-OH broad band), 3071 (=C-H str), 2952 (C-H str), 1657 (C=O str), 1697 (C=N str), 1626 and 1465 (C=C str), 1277 (C-N str), 986 (C-Cl str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.5 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.70 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.16 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.4 (s, 1H, CH), 10.8 (s, 1H, OH), 7.85 (s, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.54 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.32 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.2 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 404 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇ClN₄O₂: C; 65.27, H; 4.23, Cl; 8.76, N; 13.84, O; 7.90.

N'-(4-hydroxybenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide -zide (AG-3.5): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3285 (-OH broad band), 3073 (=C-H str), 2955 (C-H str), 1655 (C=O str), 1695 (C=N str), 1625 and 1465 (C=C str), 1275 (C-N str), 985 (C-Cl str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ

ppm): 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.50 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.21 (d, 1H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.71 (s, 1H, -CH₂), 8.14 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.40 (s, 1H, CH), 10.81 (s, 1H, OH), 7.54 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), 7.81 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 404 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇ClN₄O₂: C; 65.27, H; 4.23, Cl; 8.76, N; 13.84, O; 7.90.

N'-(3-nitrobenzylidine)-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide -e (AG-3.6): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3140 (N-H Str), 3030 (=C-H str), 2930 (C-H str), 1664 (C=O str), 1690 (C=N str), 1590 and 1468 (C=C str), 1270 (C-N str), 1543 and 1350 (N=O bend), 983 (C-Cl str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 8.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.51 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.23 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.26 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.72 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.41 (s, 1H, CH), 7.85 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.55 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.32 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.21 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 433 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₆ClN₅O₃: C; 60.91, H; 3.72, Cl; 8.17, N; 16.14, O; 11.06.

N'-(4-nitrobenzylidine)-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide -de (AG-3.7): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3142 (N-H Str), 3031 (=C-H str), 2932 (C-H str), 1665 (C=O str), 1692 (C=N str), 1592 and 1467 (C=C str), 1272 (C-N str), 1542 and 1350 (N=O bend), 983 (C-Cl str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 8.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.51 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.26 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.72 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.40 (s, 1H, CH), 7.54 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), 7.81 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 433 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₆ClN₅O₃: C; 60.91, H; 3.72, Cl; 8.17, N; 16.14, O; 11.06.

2-(4-nitrophenyl) Benzimidazole (AR): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3412 (N-H str), 3045 (=C-H str), 1663 (C=N), 1592 and 1462 (C=C str), 1275 (C-N str), 1542 and 1350 (N=O Bend), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.82 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 12.2 (s, 1H, NH), ES-MS (m/z): 239 [M+1]; Anal. for C₁₃H₉N₃O₂: C; 65.27, H; 3.79, N; 17.56, O; 13.38.

Ethyl-2-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetate (AR-1) : FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3045 (=C-H str), 2961 (C-H Str), 1772 (C=O str), 1681 (C=N), 1622 and 1462 (C=C str), 1540 and 1351 (N=O Bend), 1273 (C-N str), 1220 (C-O-C str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.81 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.26 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.70 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 4.21 (q, 2H, -CH₂), 2.0 (t, 3H, -CH₃), ES-MS (m/z): 325 [M+1]; Anal. for C; 65.27, H; 3.79, N; 17.56, O; 13.38: C; 62.76, H; 4.65, N; 12.92, O; 19.67.

2-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AR-2): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3473 (N-H broad band), 3045 (=C-H str), 2985 (C-H Str), 1625 (C=O str), 1637 (C=N), 1592 and 1475 (C=C str), 1544 (N-H bend), 1542 and 1350 (N=O Bend), 1276 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.82 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.7 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (t, 1H, Sec NH), 3.57 (d, 2H, -NH₂), ES-MS (m/z): 311 [M+1]; Anal. for C₁₅H₁₃N₅O₃: C; 57.87, H; 4.21, N; 22.50, O; 15.42.

N'-benzylidine-2-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AR-3): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3120 (N-H broad band), 3050 (=C-H str), 2922 (C-H Str), 1672 (C=O str), 1623 (C=N), 1591 and 1460 (C=C str), 1540 and 1352 (N=O Bend), 1278 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.83 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.20 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.71 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (t, 1H, Sec NH), 8.40 (s, 1H, -CH), 6.75 – 7.15 (m, 5H, benzene) ES-MS (m/z): 399 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇N₅O₃: C; 66.16, H; 4.29, N; 17.53, O; 12.02.

N'-(3-chlorobenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AR-3.1): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3156 (N-H broad band), 3050 (=C-H str), 2918 (C-H Str), 1657 (C=O str), 1697 (C=N), 1624 and 1464 (C=C str), 1542 and 1354 (N=O Bend), 1274 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.82 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.26 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.71 (s, 1H, -CH₂), 8.14 (t, 1H, Sec NH), 8.41 (s, 1H, -CH), 7.85 (s, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.55 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.31 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.1 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH) ES-MS (m/z): 433 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₆ClN₅O₃: C; 60.91, H; 3.72, Cl; 8.17, N; 16.14, O; 11.06.

N'-(4-chlorobenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AR-3.2): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3156 (N-H broad band), 3046 (=C-H str), 2918 (C-H Str), 1655 (C=O str), 1699 (C=N), 1625 and 1467 (C=C str), 1543 and 1355 (N=O Bend), 1279 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.82 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.71 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (t, 1H, Sec NH), 8.40 (s, 1H, CH), 7.54 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), 7.65 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 433 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₆ClN₅O₃: C; 60.91, H; 3.72, Cl; 8.17, N; 16.14, O; 11.06.

N'-(2-hydroxybenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AR-3.3): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3280 (-OH broad band), 3075 (=C-H str), 2952 (C-H str), 1657 (C=O str), 1694 (C=N str), 1627 and 1465 (C=C str), 1544 and 1357 (N=O Bend), 1276 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.81 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.22 (d, 1H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.72 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.41 (s, 1H, CH), 10.81 (s, 1H, OH), 7.55 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.33 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.17 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.59 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 415 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇N₅O₄: C; 63.61, H; 4.13, N; 16.86, O; 15.41.

N'-(3-hydroxybenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AR-3.4): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3282 (-OH broad band), 3072 (=C-H str), 2954 (C-H str), 1655 (C=O str), 1699 (C=N str), 1627 and 1466 (C=C str), 1545 and 1360 (N=O Bend), 1228 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.82 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.21 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.71 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.40 (s, 1H, CH), 10.81 (s, 1H, OH), 7.85 (s, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.55 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.33 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.14 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 415 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇N₅O₄: C; 63.61, H; 4.13, N; 16.86, O; 15.41.

N'-(4-hydroxybenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide -ide (AR-3.5): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3285 (-OH broad band), 3073 (=C-H str), 2957 (C-H str), 1657 (C=O str), 1697 (C=N str), 1627 and 1467 (C=C str), 1546 and 1357 (N=O Bend), 1228 (C-N str), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.83 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.21 (d, 1H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.71 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.41 (s, 1H, CH), 10.81 (s, 1H, OH), 7.55 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), 7.81 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 415 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₇N₅O₄: C; 63.61, H; 4.13, N; 16.86, O; 15.41.

N'-(3-nitrobenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AR-3.6): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3142 (N-H Str), 3033 (=C-H str), 2932 (C-H str), 1665 (C=O str), 1689 (C=N str), 1592 and 1469 (C=C str), 1272 (C-N str), 1543 and 1350 (N=O bend), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.82 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.23 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.26 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.72 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.40 (s, 1H, CH), 7.85 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.55 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.33 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.15 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.55 (d, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.33 (t, 1H, Aromatic CH), 7.15 (d,

1H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 444 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₆N₆O₅: C; 59.46, H; 3.63, N; 18.91, O; 18.00.

N'-(4-nitrobenzylidene)-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-1-yl]acetohydrazide (AR-3.7): FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3144 (N-H str), 3034 (=C-H str), 2934 (C-H str), 1667 (C=O str), 1688 (C=N str), 1274 (C-N str), 1594 and 1470 (C=C str), 1544 and 1354 (N=O bend), ¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃ δ ppm): 7.82 (d, 2H, benzene), 8.23 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.22 (d, 2H, benzene), 7.25 (t, 2H, benzene), 4.72 (s, 2H, -CH₂), 8.14 (s, 1H, -Sec NH), 8.40 (s, 1H, CH), 7.54 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), 7.80 (d, 2H, Aromatic CH), ES-MS (m/z): 444 [M+1]; Anal. for C₂₂H₁₆N₆O₅: C; 59.46, O; 18.00, H; 3.63, N; 18.91.

The physiochemical characterization of synthesized derivatives is given in table 1.

Anti-microbial activity

The anti-bacterial potential of synthesized Schiff bases of benzimidazole were assessed *in vitro* against gram negative (*Escherichia coli*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*) and gram positive (*Staphylococcus aureus*, *Bacillus subtilis*) with cup plate method⁴⁹. Antibacterial activity of synthesized compounds was checked at three different concentrations (25, 50 and 100 µg/ml). The standard drug used to check antibacterial activity was Ciprofloxacin. Result of antibacterial activity has been detailed in table 2 and comparison of antibacterial activity of synthesized compounds at different concentrations are represented in graph.1,2 and 3.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

o-phenylenediamine was reacted with substituted benzoic acid in the presence of polyphosphoric acid to produce 2-(Substituted

phenyl)-1H-benzimidazole. The synthesized compounds were further reacted with ethylchloroacetate in dry acetone gave ethyl-2-[2-(substituted phenyl)-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl]acetate. Then, the later was treated with hydrazine hydrate to form 2-[2-(substituted phenyl)-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl]acetohydrazide In the end substituted acetohydrazide were treatment with substituted aldehydes to produce Schiff base of benzimidazole.

Elemental analysis is used to confirm the formula of the synthesised compounds. Structures were confirmed with the help of IR, ¹H NMR and ES-MS spectra. In the IR spectra, all the vibrational bands appeared in the expected regions. A single band appeared in the region of 3045-3404 cm⁻¹ confirmed the presence of sec. N-H functional group. For ester and amide C=O str. Vibrations were appeared at 1735-1749 and 1610-1620 cm⁻¹. The ¹H NMR spectra used to identify the different types of protons in the synthesized derivatives. M+1 peak of the synthesized compounds was in agreement with their molecular formula.

The synthesized Schiff base of benzimidazole showed good antibacterial potential *in vitro* against both Gram negative and Gram-positive bacteria. Among these JA-3.1, JA-3.2, AG-3.1, AG-3.2, AR-3.1, AR-3.2, AR-3.6 and AR-3.7 have better antibacterial activity as compared to standard drug ciprofloxacin. At concentration of 25µg/ml compound A-3.1 shows maximum activity against *S. aureus* (Zone of inhibition 23mm) and AR-3.7 against *E. Coli* (Zone of inhibition 22mm) which better as compared to standard drug (Ciprofloxacin). JA-3.1 and AR-3.1 shows good activity against *B. Subtalis* (28mm), AR-3.6 against *S. aureus* (Zone of inhibition 28mm), AR-3.7 against *E. Coli* and *P. aeruginosa* (Zone of inhibition 30 and 29mm) at 50µg/ml. AR-3.1 and AR 3.7 have strongest antibacterial activity against all strains of bacteria at a concentration of 100µg/ml.

Table 1: Physiochemical characteristics JA-3 to JA-3.7, AG-3 to AG-3.7 and JA-3 to JA-3.7

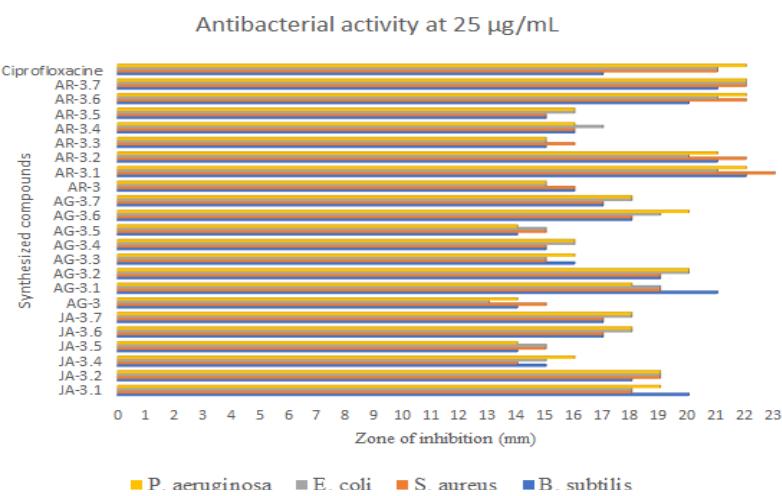
Compound Number	R	R ¹	Molecular Formula	Molecular weight	M. P [°C]	R _f [value] ^a	Yield (%)
JA	-	-	C ₁₃ H ₁₀ N ₂	194	209-210	0.74	84
JA-1	-	-	C ₁₇ H ₁₆ N ₂ O ₂	280	240-242	0.82	77
JA-2	-	-	C ₁₅ H ₁₄ N ₄ O	266	224-226	0.79	75
JA-3	-H	-H	C ₂₂ H ₁₈ N ₄ O	354	294-296	0.73	80
JA-3.1	-H	-3-Cl	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ CIN ₄ O	388	277-279	0.75	75
JA-3.2	-H	-4-Cl	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ CIN ₄ O	388	280-282	0.68	76
JA-3.3	-H	-2-OH	C ₂₂ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₂	370	276-278	0.78	81
JA-3.4	-H	-3-OH	C ₂₂ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₂	370	278-280	0.77	80
JA-3.5	-H	-4-OH	C ₂₂ H ₁₈ N ₄ O ₂	370	275-277	0.76	82
JA-3.6	-H	-3-NO ₂	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ N ₅ O ₃	399	288-290	0.77	78
JA-3.7	-H	-4-NO ₂	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ N ₅ O ₃	399	289-291	0.81	74
AG	-4-Cl	-	C ₁₃ H ₉ CIN ₂	288	251-253	0.73	78
AG-1	-4-Cl	-	C ₁₇ H ₁₅ CIN ₂ O ₂	314	268-270	0.84	79
AG-2	-4-Cl	-	C ₁₅ H ₁₃ CIN ₄ O	300	265-266	0.79	80
AG-3	-4-Cl	-H	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ CIN ₄ O	388	268-270	0.80	76
AG-3.1	-4-Cl	-3-Cl	C ₂₂ H ₁₆ Cl ₂ N ₄ O	422	271-272	0.71	81
AG-3.2	-4-Cl	-4-Cl	C ₂₂ H ₁₆ Cl ₂ N ₄ O	422	265-267	0.76	80
AG-3.3	-4-Cl	-2-OH	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ CIN ₄ O ₂	404	284-286	0.81	72
AG-3.4	-4-Cl	-3-OH	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ CIN ₄ O ₂	404	265-267	0.83	71
AG-3.5	-4-Cl	-4-OH	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ CIN ₄ O ₂	404	285-287	0.77	78
AG-3.6	-4-Cl	-3-NO ₂	C ₂₂ H ₁₆ CIN ₅ O ₃	433	279-280	0.80	74
AG-3.7	-4-Cl	-4-NO ₂	C ₂₂ H ₁₆ CIN ₅ O ₃	433	278-279	0.85	78
AR	-4-NO ₂	-	C ₁₃ H ₉ N ₃ O ₂	239	235-237	0.86	80
AR-1	-4-NO ₂	-	C ₁₇ H ₁₅ N ₃ O ₄	325	274-276	0.79	86
AR-2	-4-NO ₂	-	C ₁₅ H ₁₃ N ₅ O ₃	311	266-268	0.75	75
AR-3	-4-NO ₂	-H	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ N ₅ O ₃	399	290-292	0.79	76
AR-3.1	-4-NO ₂	-3-Cl	C ₂₂ H ₁₆ CIN ₅ O ₃	433	294-295	0.71	72
AR-3.2	-4-NO ₂	-4-Cl	C ₂₂ H ₁₆ CIN ₅ O ₃	433	292-293	0.72	80
AR-3.3	-4-NO ₂	-2-OH	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ N ₅ O ₄	415	281-282	0.85	74
AR-3.4	-4-NO ₂	-3-OH	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ N ₅ O ₄	415	283-285	0.83	73
AR-3.5	-4-NO ₂	-4-OH	C ₂₂ H ₁₇ N ₅ O ₄	415	275-277	0.86	75
AR-3.6	-4-NO ₂	-3-NO ₂	C ₂₂ H ₁₆ N ₆ O ₅	444	294-295	0.74	76
AR-3.7	-4-NO ₂	-4-NO ₂	C ₂₂ H ₁₆ N ₆ O ₅	444	290-291	0.72	74

^aTLC mobile phase: hexane: Ethyl acetate (7.5:2.5)

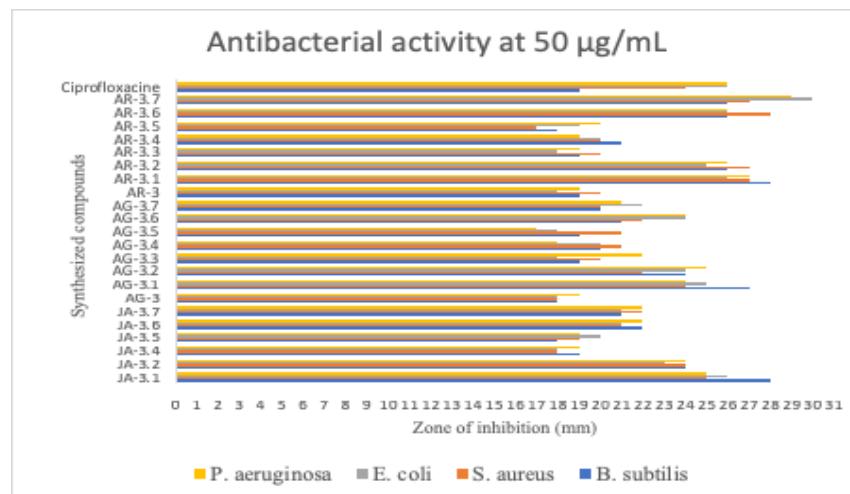
Table 2: Anti-bacterial evaluation of benzimidazole-Schiff base derivatives

Bacterial strain	<i>B. subtilis</i>			<i>S. aureus</i>			<i>E. coli</i>			<i>P. aeruginosa</i>		
Conc. (µg/ml)	25	50	100	25	50	100	25	50	100	25	50	100
Compound Number	Zone of inhibition (mm*)											
JA-3.1	20	28	30	18	25	28	18	26	29	19	25	28
JA-3.2	18	24	27	19	24	28	19	23	26	19	24	27
JA-3.4	15	19	23	14	18	20	15	18	21	16	19	22
JA-3.5	14	18	21	15	19	22	15	20	23	14	19	22
JA-3.6	17	22	24	17	21	24	18	21	23	18	22	24
JA-3.7	17	21	25	17	22	24	18	21	23	18	22	25
AG-3	14	18	20	15	18	21	13	18	20	14	19	21
AG-3.1	21	27	29	19	24	26	19	25	27	18	24	27
AG-3.2	19	24	27	19	22	24	20	24	28	20	25	28
AG-3.3	16	19	22	15	20	23	15	18	20	16	22	24
AG-3.4	15	20	22	15	21	23	16	20	21	16	18	20
AG-3.5	14	19	22	15	21	23	15	18	20	14	17	19
AG-3.6	18	21	24	18	22	25	19	24	26	20	24	26
AG-3.7	17	20	24	17	20	23	18	22	25	18	21	22
AR-3	16	19	21	16	20	22	15	18	20	15	19	22
AR-3.1	22	28	32	23	27	33	21	26	30	22	27	32
AR-3.2	21	26	30	22	27	31	20	25	29	21	26	30
AR-3.3	15	19	24	16	20	23	15	18	23	15	19	22
AR-3.4	16	21	24	16	20	23	17	20	24	16	19	22
AR-3.5	15	18	23	15	17	20	16	19	22	16	20	22
AR-3.6	20	26	29	22	28	31	21	26	30	22	26	29
AR-3.7	21	26	28	22	27	30	22	30	33	22	29	32
Ciprofloxacin	17	19	22	21	24	26	21	26	29	22	26	28

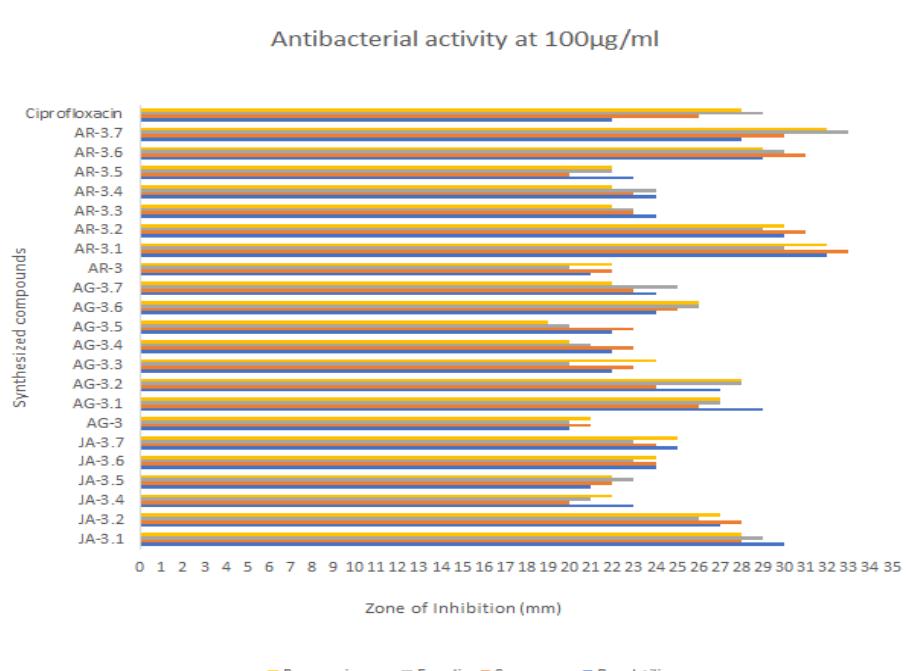
*mm= millimetre



Graph 1: Antibacterial activity of synthesized compound at 25µg/ml



Graph 2: Antibacterial activity of synthesized compound at 50µg/ml



Graph 3: Antibacterial activity of synthesized compound at 100µg/ml

CONCLUSION

A novel series of benzimidazoles were synthesized. Structure of all the synthesized compounds were elucidated using NMR, mass, IR and elemental analysis. The Schiff Bases were evaluated for *in vitro* anti-bacterial activity by cup and plate method against both gram -negative and gram-positive strains of bacteria. All the compounds exhibited good antibacterial activity but JA-3.1, JA-3.2, AG-3.1, AG-3.2, AR-3.1, AR-3.2, AR-3.6 and AR-3.7 have better antibacterial activity as compared to standard drug ciprofloxacin.

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